

EE-490(c) - Lab in Power Electronics - Project 13

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Topic: Parameters Identification of Electrical Machines

Objectives of the project

Objectives of the project are:

- 1) **UNDERSTAND** the standard procedures for parameter identification of electrical machines, namely DC machines and Induction machines. Explore possibilities to perform such procedures using the PETS, rather than other power supplies.
- 2) **OFFLINE SIMULATIONS:** Validate the procedures on the models of electrical machines with known parameters. Develop the procedure with PETS as a power supply and compare it against the standard laboratory power supplies. Explore the methods for automatic identification of machine parameters and possibilities to implement them on PETS...
- 3) **RT-HIL SIMULATIONS:** Program the developed functions and methods on the DSP for the RT-HIL (Fig.1) testing and validate results obtained from the offline simulations.
- 4) **EXPERIMENTAL VALIDATION:** Use already developed DSP code and validate experimentally correct operation of parameter identification routines on the PETS (Fig.1). The DC source of the PETS will be used to supply the converter, while the electrical machines will be connected at the converter terminals.



Fig. 1 PETS HIL (left) and actual PETS (right) that will be used for RT-HIL simulations and experimental investigations.

Background and methodology:

The goal of the projects offered in the EE-490(c) course is to provide practical experience with digital control for power electronics systems. Each project is relatively small in scope, but it allows for gradual learning through four steps:

- 1) **Theory:** Understanding certain concepts that are of key relevance for the objectives of the project. Each project is therefore dealing with a well-defined topic.
- 2) **Modeling and Offline Simulations:** Developing models (hardware and software) and verifying theoretical concepts through offline simulations. PLECS software from PLEXIM is used for this.
- 3) **Real-Time Hardware-in-the-Loop Simulations:** This step requires programming of the Digital Signal Processor (DSP) from Texas Instruments in order to deploy relevant control algorithms on it. A model of the system to be controlled is developed on the RT-Box from PLEXIM (shown in Fig.1), and typically will be provided already on the RT-Box. In this way complete control algorithm can be verified safely. Programming of the DSP will be done using the Code Generation option from PLECS, avoiding the need for prior knowledge in C-coding.
- 4) **Experimental Verification:** With the control software developed in the previous step, experimental verification can be performed, using the same software, on the Power Electronics Teaching Setup (PETS).

Foreseen project steps

To carry out the **project** successfully, the following tasks are foreseen:

- 1) Getting familiar with the theory behind the project assignment, purpose, and operating principles.
- 2) Getting familiar with PLECS, which will be used for offline simulations.
- 3) Implementing the required models and/or controllers in PLECS for offline simulations and verification of correct operation. Collecting, analyzing and reporting the simulation results. Detailed goals and instructions will be provided during the project.
- 4) Getting familiar with PETS to be able to carry out experimental investigations.
- 5) Development of the required control software function, which will be executed on the DSP.
- 6) Verification of the correct operation. Testing and collection of results.
- 7) Testing of the developed software function on the PETS. Collecting results
- 8) Documenting the work in the form of a short technical report, continuously updated during the semester.
- 9) Presenting/demonstrating the work at the end of the semester.